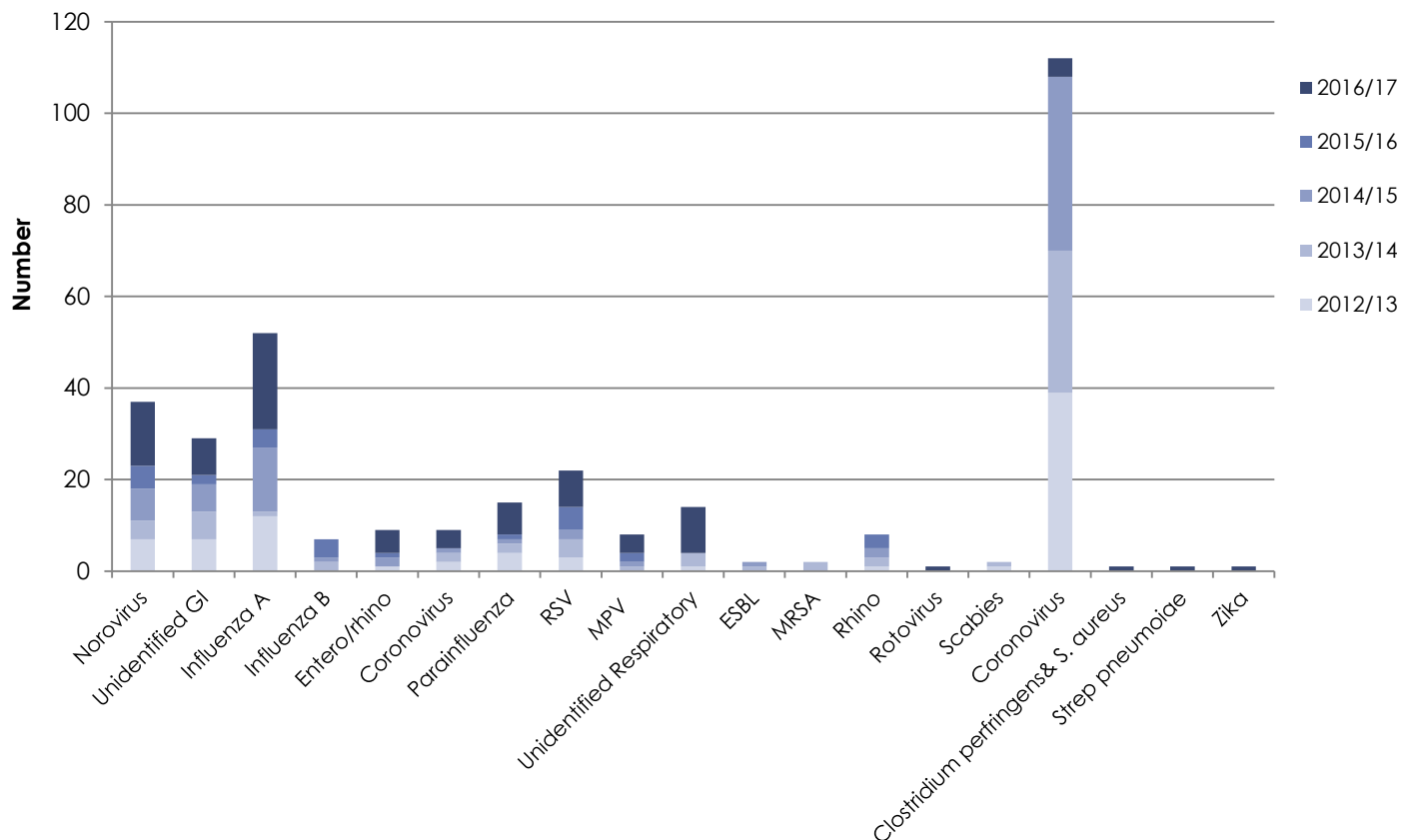


# Outbreaks in Long Term Care (LTC) – Additional Data

## Highlights

- For the past five years, coronavirus, influenza A and norovirus organisms have accounted for the majority of LTC outbreaks.
- In 2016/17, a total of 51 outbreaks were reported in long term care facilities, compared to 27 the previous season; this represents a doubling in both respiratory and gastrointestinal outbreaks reported.
- In addition to the 51 confirmed outbreaks, seven suspect outbreaks did not progress to confirmed status.
- A feature of the 2016/17 outbreak is a large number of influenza A outbreaks and influenza combined with other organisms such as coronavirus, para-influenza, metapneumovirus, RSV and rhinovirus.

**Figure 1: Outbreak Organisms in Long Term Care Homes, Saskatoon Health Region, 2012/13 to 2016/17**



RSV: Respiratory syncytial virus

MPV: Metapneumovirus

ESBL: Extended beta lactamase

MRSA: Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*

Enterovirus/rhino: enterovirus & rhinovirus

\*surveillance year April 1 to March 31; see [About the Data](#)