

Maternal and Child Population

Why Is This Important?

Population numbers for females age 15 to 44 years is important as this age group is described as child bearing years. A higher number of females in their child bearing years is associated with more births and children in the early years.

Understanding the child bearing demographic can help in planning for future health services.

See [demographics](#) for more information about population in the Region.

To Learn More:

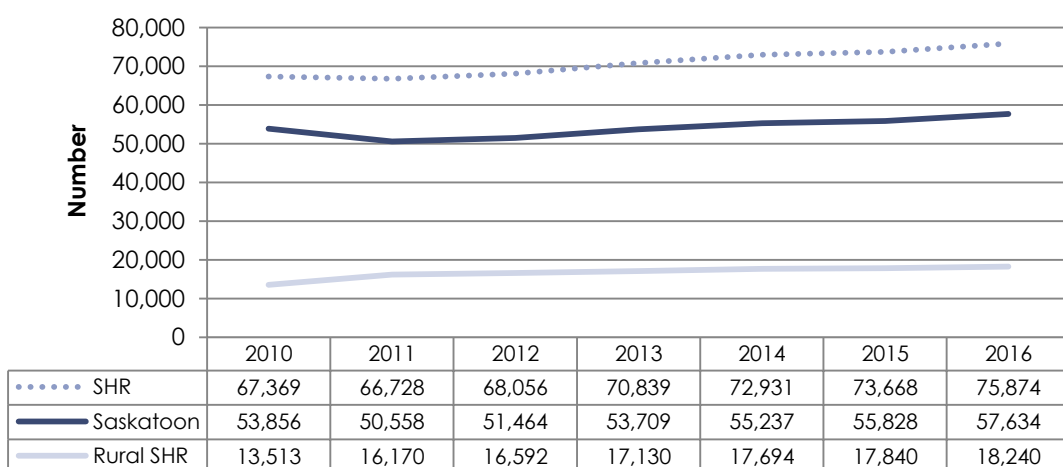
Chief Medical Health Officer's [Call to Action](#)

Highlights

The population of women in their child bearing years and young children are increasing in Saskatoon Health Region.

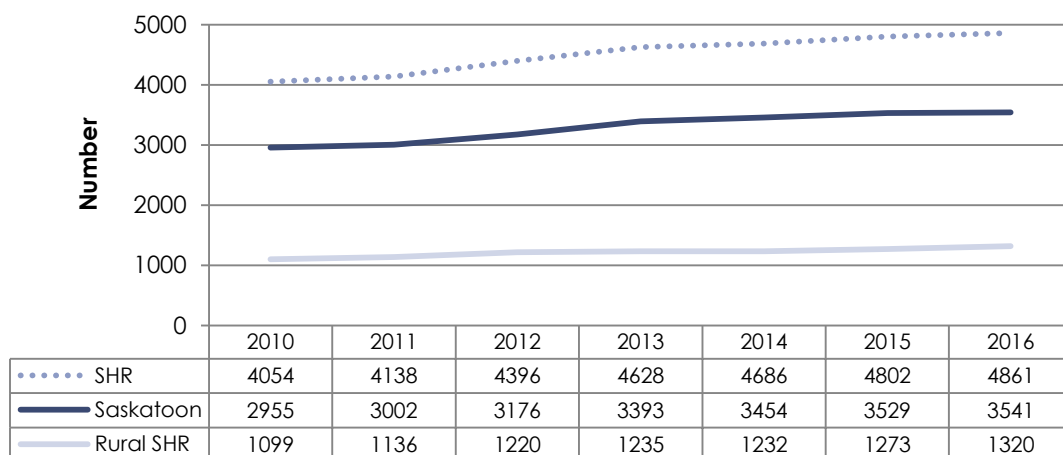
- There were almost 76,000 females between ages 15 to 44 years in the Saskatoon Health Region in 2016 (Figure 1). The numbers have increased 3.0% between 2015 and 2016. This is higher than Canadian (0.9%) and Saskatchewan (2.1%) proportions (data not shown).
- The number of births to mothers living in the Saskatoon Health Region has increased over time. In 2016, over 4,800 births were registered to Regional mothers (Figure 2). Most of the increase in births since 2010 was seen in the city of Saskatoon compared to rural SHR.
- The number of births and children 0 to 6 years in the Region is shown [here](#).

Figure 1: Population of Females 15 to 44 years, Saskatoon Health Region, Saskatoon and Rural Saskatoon Health Region, 2012-2016



Source: eHealth Saskatchewan

Figure 2: Birth Numbers to Females 15 to 44 years, Saskatoon Health Region, Saskatoon and Rural Saskatoon Health Region, 2010 to 2016



Source: eHealth Saskatchewan