

Gonorrhoea Transmission Risk by Gender Saskatoon Health Region, 2015

Highlights

- New sexual partners, alcohol/drug use and multiple partners are leading transmission risks associated with gonorrhoea among females. New and multiple sexual partners and multiple partners, and male sex with men are leading male risks (*Figures 1 and 2*).
- While more than two partners in the last three months is a commonly reported risk for both females and males, unknown/anonymous partners are a risk reported more frequently in infected males than females.
- Partners who met through the Internet are reported more frequently among males with gonorrhoea than females (*not shown*).
- Risks reported here are life-time STI risks and not necessarily associated with a 2015 infection. See [About the Data](#).

Figure 1: Top Five Reported Female Gonorrhoea Transmission Risks, Saskatoon Health Region, 2015

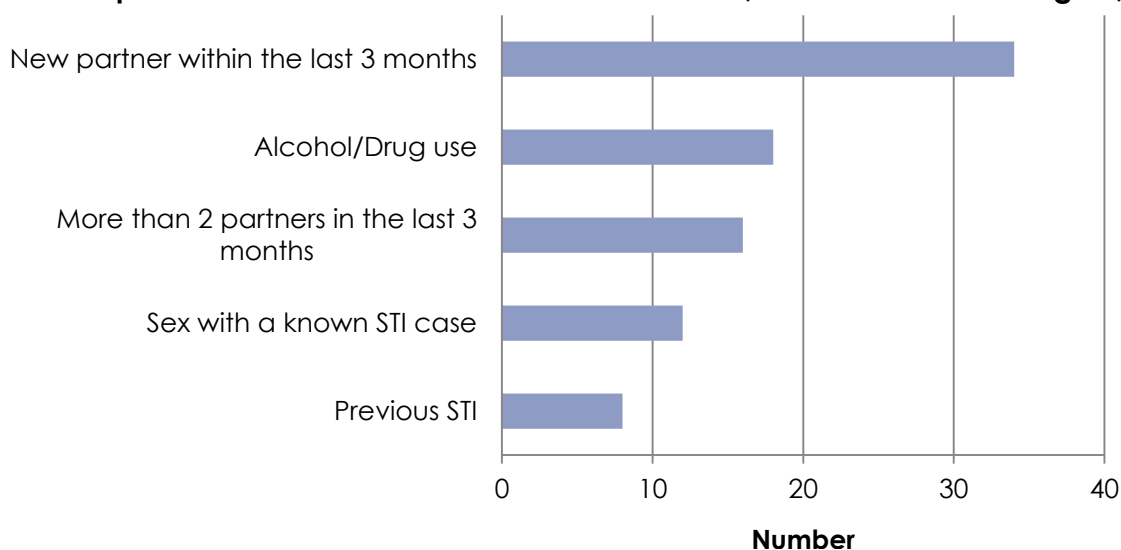
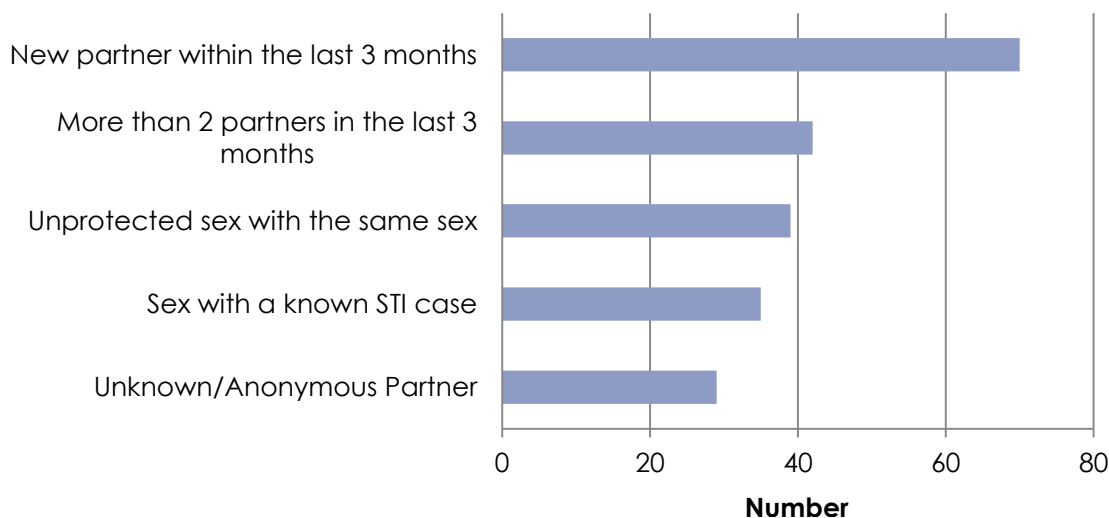


Figure 2: Top Five Reported Male Gonorrhoea Transmission Risks, Saskatoon Health Region, 2015



Source: iPHIS